- 1. The calculation of the Average Fuel Price
- ① Calculate the 3-month average fuel price for each fuel type (i.e. crude oil, LNG, and coal).
- Multiply the average fuel prices in ① above by the respective conversion factors, and add all the numbers together.

(Below are the prices provided in the Trade Statistics of Japan published by the Ministry of Finance Japan)

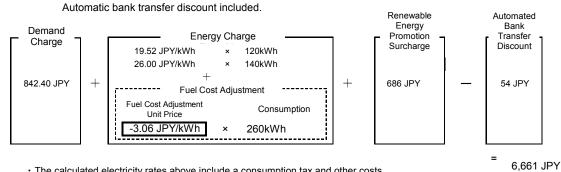
		Jan. 2017 - Mar. 2017	Feb. 2017- Apr. 2017 (for July 2017)					
		(at the time of rate revision)	(for June 2017)	Average		Feb. 2017	Mar. 2017	Apr. 2017
Crude Oil	(JPY/kl)	57,802	39,577	39,127		39,455	40,159	37,613
LNG	(JPY/t)	67,548	45,397	46,002		46,107	45,170	46,909
Coal	(JPY/t)	11,452	11,059	10,851		11,115	10,978	10,415
Average Fuel Price(JPY/kl) 44,200			30,700				< Conversion Fac	
(basic fuel price)						Crude Oil Conversion Factor × Caloric Component Ratio		
	Crude Oil Price		39,127	JPY/kl	×	0.1970	(a)	
	LNG Price		46,002 JPY/ t		×	0.4435	(β)	
+)	Coal	Price	10,851	JPY/ t	×	0.2512	(γ)	
			<u>↓</u>	(Maximum unit: 100 JPY) Rounded off to the nearest 10				
Average Fuel Price				30,800	JPY/ł	kl (compared with the previous period: +100JPY/k		

2. The calculation of the Fuel Cost Adjustment Unit Price (in the case of Low-Voltage Supply)

3. The calculation of the Electricity Rates for July 2017 (in the case of the average model)

*The fuel cost adjustment price, which is calculated by multiplying the fuel cost adjustment unit price by the amount of power consumed, is included in the electricity rates.

Example: For the customers of 30A meter-rate lighting B with 260kWh of electricity consumption per month.



• The calculated electricity rates above include a consumption tax and other costs.