Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (185th Release)

January 23, 2015 Tokyo Electric Power Company

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and future forecast based upon the current situation have to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of January 22 are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Units 1&2 and Units 3&4 building will be maintained around at the level of OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the situation of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities as of January 29, as shown in Attachment -2.

(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1&2 building and Unit 3&4 building, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches OP. 4,000 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level. On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping its level in the building around OP. 3,000 considering water tank capacity.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

END

Classification . / . . . High level radioactive water/Waste Treated water Multi-nuclide Removal Treated water (saltwate storage tank Equipment Treated water (concentrated saltwater) hange from last re Storage volume* Storage capacity ₸₀(A) 272,459m³ -13.668m³ 374,200m³ Treated water (freshwater receiving ta ated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Equip 27.500m³ eshwater receiving ta 24.454m³ -146m³ Filtrate Desalination Freshwater Evaporative Treated water Concentrated waste liquid storage tank 8,948m³ -11m³ 20,000m³ Concentrate plant Tank waste liquid concentration (Concentrated saltwater) 279.264m³ + 9.547m³ 319.500m³ (Reverse ted water storage storage tank apparatus receiving tank Ósmosis) Volume of water to be injected Change from Strontium-treated wate 13,233m³ +6,273m³ 21,200m³ to Reactor (1/16- 1/22) storage tank last report Filtrate wate Treated wat Storage volume ange from last i 2,173m³ -43m³ Storage volume Treated water (Freshwater) receiving tank (freshwater) Cumulative treat 533,849m³ 637m³ -43m³ 1,200m³ [Treated water by an evaporative Wastewater Buffer water supply ta concentration apparatus] supply Tank SPT(B) 880m³ +144m³ 3,100m [Treated water by a desalination plant] tank Reactor Building Unit 1: 106m3/day,FDW · CS Unit 2: 101m3/day,FDW · CS Unit 3: 101m3/day,FDW CS Chloride concentration (\downarrow) Before/After Desalination 460ppm /1ppm (Sampled on Jan. 13) SPT(B) Before/After Evaporative Concentration 6.900ppm/2ppm (Sampled on Dec. 20, 2011) Centralized Radioactive Wast Treatment Facility (High Temperature Incinerato **Turbine Building** Buildina) Place of Sampling Radioactivity density Process Main Building 3.1E+04 Bq/cm3 (Sampled on Jan.10) Exit of cesium adsorption apparatu 1.2E+01 Bg/cm3 (Sampled on Jan. 10) Treatment facility sium adsorption apparatus Exit of decontamination facilit Reactor Pressure Vessel (2nd Cesium adsorption High Temperature Incinerator Building apparatus) 3.0E+04 Bg/cm3 (Sampled on Jan.13) Condenser (decontamination facility) xit of second cesium adsorption apparatu 8.2E-01 Bq/cm3 (Sampled on Jan. 13) Centralized Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility (Process Main Building) Primary Containment Vessel From (A) Waste

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 22, 2015)

n	Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Treated volume (1/16 -1/22)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced		Change from last report	Storage capacity
	Process Main Building	Approx. 13,670m ³	+2,650m ³	OP.3,684	Approx.3,670m ^{3*6}	Approx. 1,144,390m ³	Sludge	597m ³	No Change	700m ^{3*2}
	High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,070m ³	-490m ³	OP.1,735			Used vessels	1,621 ^{*7}	+46	3,317
	Total	Approx. 16,740m ³					*1 0	o for the decelination p	lant (reverse osmosis) or the e	aporativo concontration

[Main operations that have been conducted during the period from January 15, 2015 (the previous announcement data) to January 22, 2015]

- Water transfer from Unit 2 to the High Temperature Incinerator Building has continued.

- On Jan. 18, water transfer from Unit 3 to the Process Main Building resumed. Since then, the transfer has been conducted. - Water transfer from Unit 4 has been stopped since Nov. 29, 2012.

Water level i

T/B

OP.2,371 OP.2,503

OP.2,696

OP.2,729

- 2nd Cesium Absorption Apparatus has been in operation; The availability factor is 43.7% (previously assumed: 40%)

- The operation of Cesium Absorption Apparatus has been suspended since Jan. 10.

Change

from last

-100m³

-100m³

-700m³

No Change

Facility

Unit 1

Unit 2

Unit 3

Unit 4

Total

Storage volume

Approx. 13,100m

Approx. 15,200m²

Approx. 20,800m³

Approx. 16,200m

Approx. 65,300m³

Storage capacity of the Concentrated Saltwater Storage Tank, the Treated Water Storage Tank and the Strontium-Treated Water Strage Tank has been increased by adding tanks.

*1 As for the desalination plant (reverse osmosis) or the evaporative concentration apparatus, the data is treated as a reference, because the water levels are not stable during the operation.

*2 Shows the operational limit.

*3 The underground reservoirs are not included in the figure.
*4 Storage capacity of the filtrate water tank (4.600m³) is included in the figure.

*5 The data shown here are those of Cs-137.

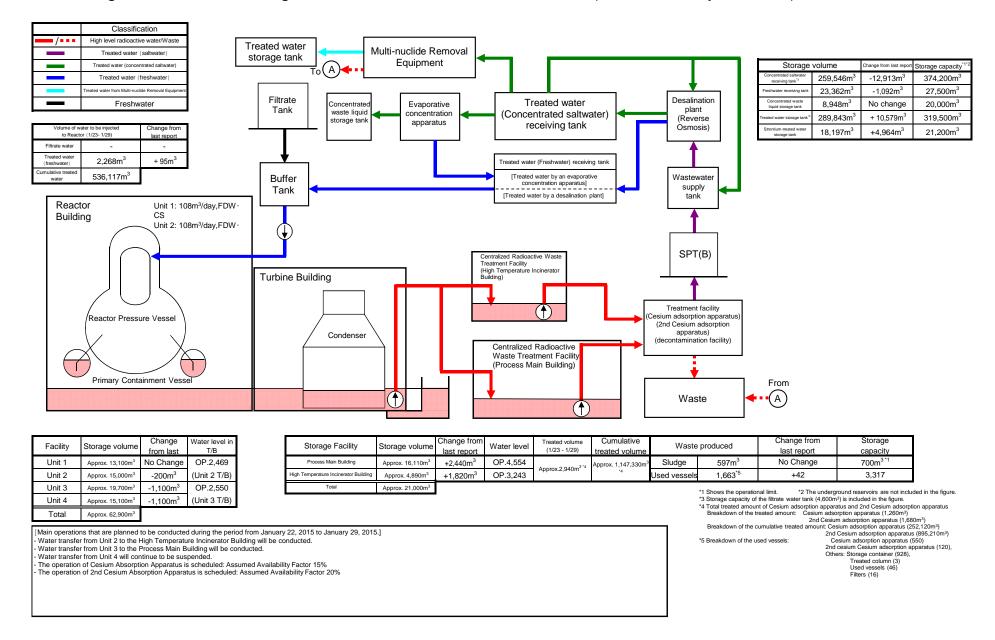
*6Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus

Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m³) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (3,670m³)

Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (250,860m³) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (893,530m³)

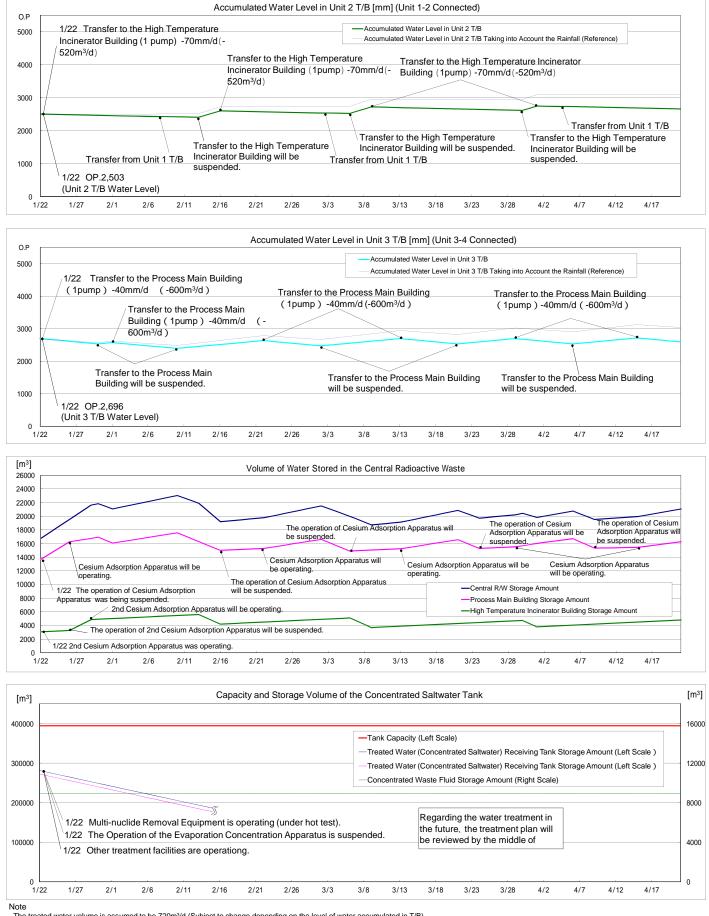
*7 Breakdown of the used vessels:

Cesium adsorption apparatus (550) 2nd cesium Cesium adsorption apparatus (120) Others: Storage container (895), Treated column (3) Used vessel (39) Filters (14)



Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 29, 2015)

Simulation Results of Accumulated Water Treatment in Unit 1-4 T/B



- The treated water volume is assumed to be 720m³/d (Subject to change depending on the level of water accumulated in T/B).

The accumulated water level in T/B is a simulated water level in consideration of flactuation of water level such as reach rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc. - The accumulated water level in T/B is a simulated water level in consideration of flactuation of water level such as reach rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc. - The accumulated water level in T/B is assumed to increase by 5mm daily, taking into consideration the average rain fall in the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (August-October in 2008 to 2010).