Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

(38th Release)

March 14, 2012 Tokyo Electric Power Company

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and future forecast based upon the current situation have to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Centralized Radiation Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and stored and treated amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility (including underpass area close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building), and other related data, as of March 13, are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Units 1&2 and Units 3&4 building will be maintained around at the level of OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the situation of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)),

and stored and treated amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities (including underpass area close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building), and other related data as of March 20, as shown in Attachment -2.

(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1&2 building and Unit 3&4 building, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches OP. 4,000 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level. On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping its level in the building around OP. 3,000 considering water tank capacity.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities (including underpass areas close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building) for 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

END

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of March 13, 2012) Attachment-1



Note: ·Last report as of March 6. 2012

Water transferred from Units 2 and 3 to Process Main Building and Temperature Incinerator Building.

(On March 7, the transfer from Unit 2 to Precess Main Building was resumed. On March 11, the place the water was transferred to was switched from Process Main Building to High Temberature Incinerator Building. On March 7, the transfer to Process Main Building was resumed. On March 8, the transfer from U3 to Process Main Building was suspeded. Water in U3 has been transferred to High Temperature Incinerator Building since March 10.)

The 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus is in operation (Capacity factor: 29.5% (Planned: 20%).

Since March 1, the cesium adsorption apparatus has been out of service.

On March 10, the operation of the 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus was resumed.

On March 12, the water was transferred from the on-site baner building to the Process Main Building.

On March 13, the 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus was stopped due to the power outage.

Attachment-2

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (assumed situations as of March 20, 2012)



·Transfer from Unit 2 and 3 to Process Main Building and High Temperature Incinerator Building is planned. (The place the water in Unit 2 will be transferred to will be switched to Process Main Building. Transferring the water from Unit 3 to High Temperature Incinerator Building will be temporarily suspended.)

• The cesium adsorption apparatus is planned to be restarted. (Planned capacity facto: 20%)

• The 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus is planned to be in service. (Planned capacity factor: 65%)

. The 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus is planned to be stopped due to the commissioning before the treatment of the water accumulated in Process Main Building.

• The water treatment facilities (the cesium adsorption apparatus and the 2nd cesium adsorption apparatus) are planned to be stopped due to the power outage.

Simulation result of the treatment of accumulated water in T/B, Units 1 to 4

Attachment-3



Note: - Amount of water treatment is assumed to be 1,320m3/d (It can be adjusted according to level of accumulated water in T/B.) - Assume 5mm increase per day of accumulated water level of T/B including influences of rainfall considering 3-year-averaged rainfall near 1F from August to October.

4/22

4/27

4/17

4/12

Tank capacity

5/12

5/7

5/2

Total volume of concentrated saltwater stored

Volume stored in concentrated waste liquid tank

5/22

5/17

Volume stored in treated water (concentrated saltwater) receiver tanks

5/27

6/1

6/11

6/6

100000 80000

60000

40000

20000

3/13

3/18

3/23

3/28

March 13 Evaporative concentration apparatus in suspension

March 13 Desalination apparatus (RO method) recirculation in operation

4/2

4/7