Reference

Nuclide Analysis Results of Radioactive Materials in the Air at the upside of reactor building of Unit 1 in Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Stations

(Data summarized on October 13)

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Place of Sampling	,		At the upside of reactor building of Unit 1 (at the carring gate of the reactor building)				Density limit by the announcement of Reactor Regulation (Bq/cm3) (Density limit in the air to which radiation workers
Time of Sampling	2011/10/12 14:17 ~ 15:17		2011/10/12 14:17 ~ 15:17				
Detected Nuclides (Half-life)	density of sample (Bq/cm3)	Scaling Factor (/)	density of sample (Bq/cm3)	Scaling Factor (/)	density of sample (Bq/cm3)	Scaling Factor	breathe in the section 4 of the appendix 2)
I-131 (about 8 days)	ND	-	ND	-			1E-03
Cs-134 (about 2 years)	1.2E-04	0.06	1.2E-05	0.01			2E-03
Cs-137 (about 30 years)	1.4E-04	0.05	3.3E-05	0.01			3E-03

^{*} The value of radioactivity density is the sum of the value of volatile nuclide's density and the value of particulate nuclide's density.

O.OE - O means O.O x 10-O

Data of other nuclides are under examination.

Detection limits of 3 nuclides are as follows:

Volatile: I-131: approx. 7E-6Bq/cm3, Cs-134: approx. 2E-5Bq/cm3, Particulate: I-131: approx. 4E-6Bq/cm3

Please note that these nuclides are sometimes detected even when they are below the limits, contingent on the detector or samples.

^{*} In the case that two or more kinds of nuclides exist, sum of each scaling factor to the density limit is compared with 1.

^{* &}quot;ND" means the sampled data is below measurable limit.